



From ISC DHCPD to

KEA DHCPD



TOPICS IN THIS PRESENTATION

- Why switch from ISC DHCP to KEA DHCP?
- KEA DHCP has unique features
- Migration to KEA DHCP
- Monitoring and interesting case...



Why the name KEA:

The ISC team (who built Kea after ISC DHCPd) wanted something short, easy to remember, and not bound to the old codebase. They chose **Kea**, the name of a clever parrot native to New Zealand, known for problem-solving and adaptability—traits they felt suited a next-generation DHCP server.







WHY MIGRATE TO KEA DHCP?

- ISC DHCP very stable/mature but:
- ISC decided to make it EOL in 2022.
- Old code, ISC decided to start all over
- ISC DHCP No (modern) API
- Reboot needed for changes





KEA DHCP ARCHITECTURE AND FEATURES

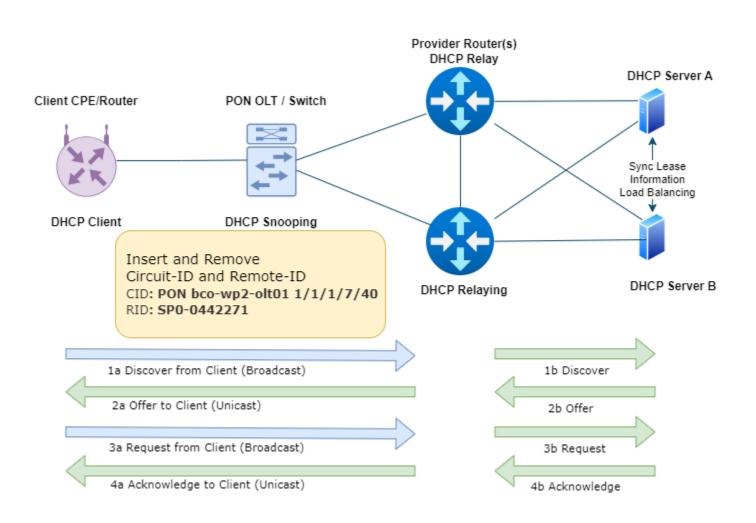
- Database backend (CSV/PostgreSQL/MySQL) for leases, hosts and subnets
 Hooks Mechanism (Plugins). (Flex-id / Radius / Script / Legal Logging)
- REST API (Update leases/subnets/config check)
 200+ API commands
- High Availibilty with heartbeat and detection of network outage with seconds field.
- And a lot more (Multi threading/extensive documention)
- Graphical dashboard with Stork tool

```
"command": "remote-subnet4-set",
"service": ["dhcp4"],
"arguments": {
    "subnets": [
        "id" : 1,
        "subnet": "1.2.3.0/25",
        "shared-network-name": "rt-sdm-dr01-vlan100",
            "pools": [
                    "pool": "1.2.3.0 - 1.2.3.39",
                    "client-class": "public-pool"
            "option-data" : [ {
                    "name": "routers",
                    "data": "1.2.3.1"
    "remote": {
        "type": "postgresql"
    "server-tags": [ "dhcp-cluster01" ]
```



HOE DELTA FIBER DOES DHCP - THE DORA PROCESS

How does Delta Fiber use DHCP to assign IPv(4/6) addresses ?





DORA
Unforunately, In Ipv6 it's SARR



KEA FLEX-ID PLUGIN - LEASE API

ISC DHCP only could use limited fields (MAC) and no choosen id as the client id

• KEA can use any DHCP option field (Option 82) as client id for lease.

Old ISC lease database :

address	hwaddr (mac)	client_id*	valid_lifetime	RAI remote-id	RAI circuit-id
100.68.0.2	f4:fd:96:f8:c8:10	f4:fd:96:f8:c8:10	86400	SP0-123456	PON vri-poc-olt01 1/1/1/2/6/100
100.64.128.7	c0:60:0a:39:2a:e8	c0:60:0a:39:2a:e8	86400	SP0-123458	PON sdm-knt99-olt01 1/1/1/5/7/100

New KEA lease database :

address	hwaddr (mac)	client_id*	valid_lifetime	RAI remote-id	RAI circuit-id
100.68.0.2	f4:fd:96:f8:c8:10	SP0-123456	86400	SP0-123456	PON vri-poc-olt01 1/1/1/2/6/100
100.64.128.7	c0:60:0a:39:2a:e8	SP0-123458	86400	SP0-123458	PON sdm-knt99-olt01 1/1/1/5/7/100

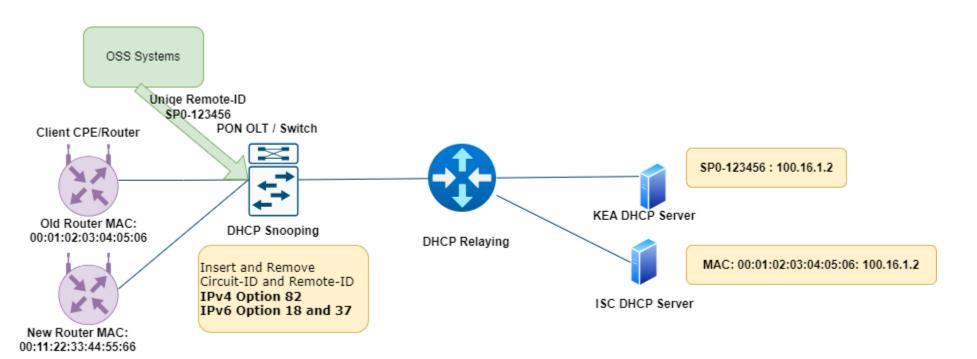


LONGER LEASE TIMES => ANTI FRAGILE

- Delta Fiber used to have lease times of 30 minutes
- Why? Because otherwise modem swaps dit not work within 30m ☺
- After the implementation of KEA, we decided to go to 24h lease times.
- Renew timers of 12h and rebind timer of 12h+10m.
- Worst case of a major outage of DHCP platform, We can survive 12 hours (Except new leases). Side effect, lower load on DHCP platform



LEASE AFFINITY (STICKY LEASES)

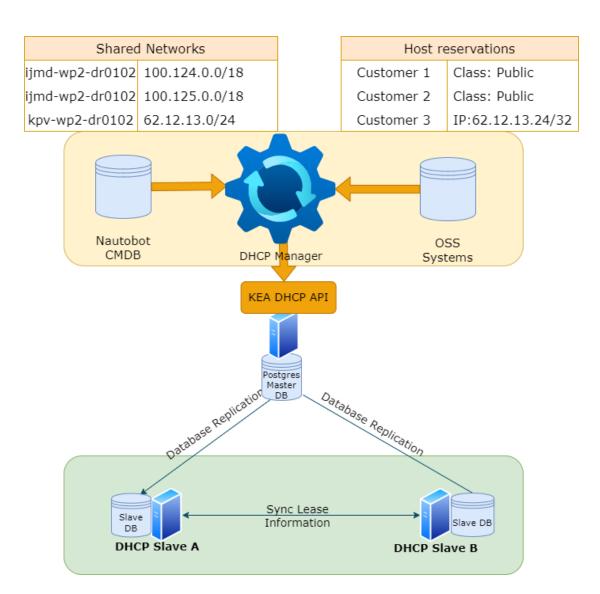


- Added extra DROP class for Dropping DHCPRELEASE
- Most CPE's are very strict to RFC and release lease when rebooting © (Expired != Released)



PLATFORM AND AUTOMATION / PROVISIONING

- Nautobot + Backoffice + DHCP Manager
 => KEA DHCP Master
- DHCP Manager to provision config via API to Master
- DHCP Master server per Service
- Slaves can run **independent** of Master and each other.
- Ansible manages all Master/Slave servers +config (around ~30)





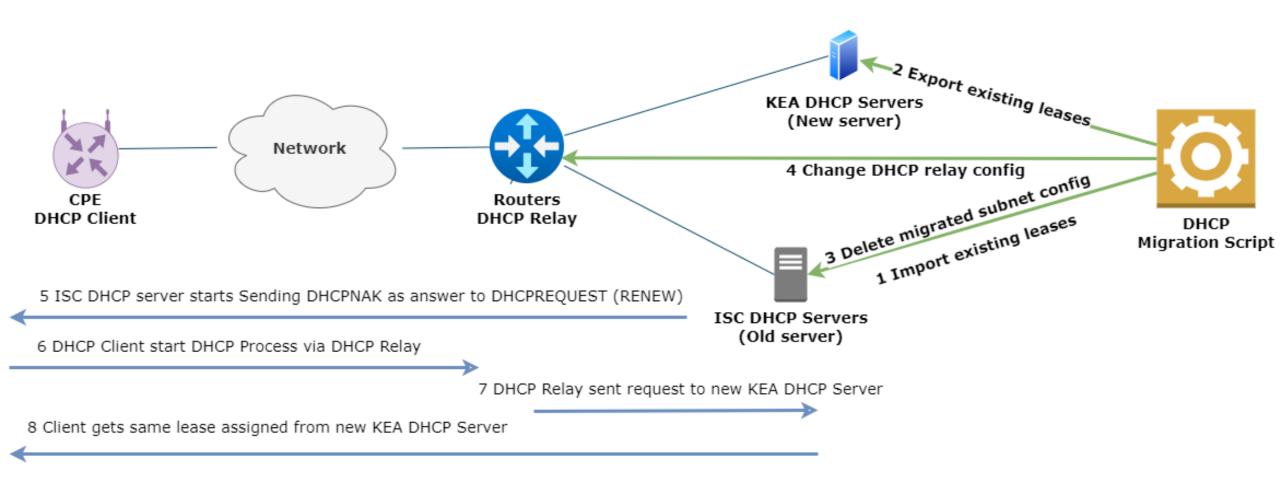
THE MIGRATION TO KEA

- Delta has 5 different DHCP clusters on about 260 Routing area's
- VOIP/IPTV/Internet v4/Internet v6/Management
- Start with the easiest platform (VOIP/IPTV). Start with pre production.
- Migration plan: Crawl, walk, run, fly
- Internet IPv4 migration was the hardest job
 3 different Pools CGNAT / Public / Fixed





THE MIGRATION TO KEA



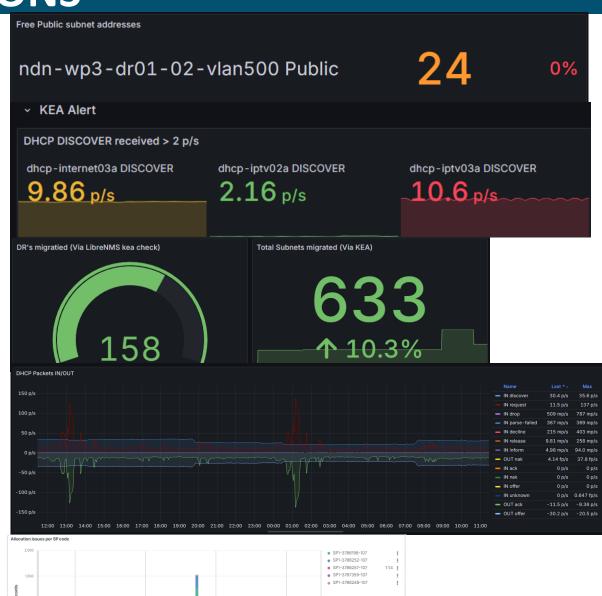
GRAFANA TO MONITOR MIGRATIONS

- Monitoring of Pool usage per:
- Monitor DHCP packets for anomalies:

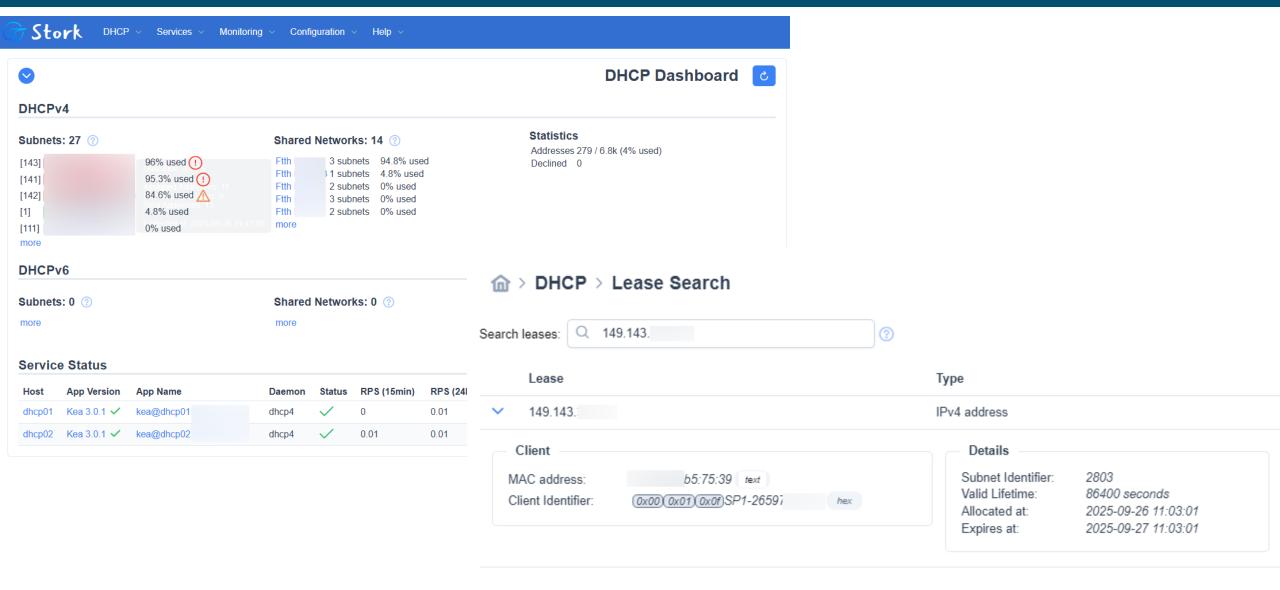
• Migration status Project management:

Detailed graph to debug issues:

Elasticsearch if need to go Deep:



ISC STORK MONITORING DASHBOARD



HOW AUTOMATION CAN KILL YOUR NETWORK VERY GRACFULL

- On Friday , Nautobot **permissions** have changed
- DHCP provisioning lost some rights. Nautobot returned **Empty Data** set.
- Saturday 2:00 AM DHCP provisioning deleted all Subnets
- New clients/Reboots did not get lease,
 Clients that came for Renew did not get renew of lease
- Around 4:00 AM monitoring discovered the issue. It was fixed at 10:00AM
- Impact was **reduced**, as we had 12 hour lease renew time. (Half the lease time)
- Restore of DB Backup/shutdown of provisioning/Reset of Nautobot permissions.
- Fix the provisioning with **extra checks**.



CONCLUSIONS / LESSONS LEARNED

- All features of ISC DHCP are possible in KEA... and much more (Plugins!)
- Seperate DB backend + small config makes it very managable
- KEA IPv4 and IPv6 very stable. No major issues during 4 years using KEA
- Including current leases in migration makes a customer friendly
- Stork still has some bugs (statistics), but it is getting better

- Modern DHCP is not only the software, but it's the whole eco-system
- If you are still using ISC DHCP, strong advise to migrate







QUESTIONS?



